**Grantee: Utah** 

**Grant:** B-08-DN-49-0001

January 1, 2015 thru March 31, 2015 Performance Report



Grant Number: Obligation Date: Award Date:

B-08-DN-49-0001

Grantee Name: Contract End Date: Review by HUD:

Utah Submitted - Await for Review

Grant Award Amount: Grant Status: QPR Contact: \$19.600,000,000 Active Susan Kolthoff

LOCCS Authorized Amount: Estimated PI/RL Funds:

\$19,600,000.00 \$10,000,000.00

**Total Budget:** \$29.600.000.00

#### **Disasters:**

#### **Declaration Number**

**NSP** 

#### **Narratives**

#### Areas of Greatest Need:

**Utah Foreclosures** 

Utah communities are beginning to feel the impact of the national foreclosure and mortgage crisis. The total number of home foreclosures by 2008 was 1.02 percent of total mortgage loans while the national rate was 2.46 percent. Typically, Utah&rsquos rate lags the national rate and could increase to 3.0 percent by 2009. There is no compelling evidence from either historical trends nor local market conditions that Utah will be able

to avoid foreclosure rates that approach at least the national rate. The foreclosure problem is particularly pronounced in Salt Lake County, followed by Weber, Washington, Davis and Utah counties.

Defaults and foreclosures are increasing as the overall Utah economy and housing market weakens. Utah's economy has created fewer new jobs in 2008 with job growth down to .04 percent in 2008.2 Home sales are down in most areas. Moreover, it is often difficult for homeowners who are experiencing employment and financial difficulties to sell their homes at a price high enough to cover mortgage obligations. The

increase in defaults and foreclosures is also a function of predatory lending practices, variable rate mortgages, and compounding effects of individual household&rsquos consumer debt. The estimated number of for subprime loans in Utah is 50,000 with 75 percent resetting in 2008 and 2009. The low number of potential buyers who can afford or qualify for home mortgages, and the high number of households losing their homes, has created pressure on the overall rental market. In the past year, Class A, B, and C rental units experienced a 9.3 percent increase in rents in Salt Lake County compared with the 15-year average of 6.1 percent. Statewide, rents increased between 4.0 and 9.0 percent. Utah is also experiencing low vacancy rates in rental housing stock with counties statewide reporting between 4.9 and 7.0 percent vacancies. Salt Lake County has a mere 5.3 percent vacancy rate. Class B and C apartments have experienced more demand as people have countered the effects of the tough economy by choosing less expensive housing options. The decrease in affordable rental housing puts Utah&rsquos lowincome households at risk. Utah has approximately 163,000 low-income renter households (0 to 80 percent AMI) or one in four of all households. Last year, Utah&rsquos rental units averaged \$703 per month for a two-bedroom unit, compared with \$678 per two-bedroom unit in FY07. A family must earn \$2,344 monthly or \$28,128 annually to afford this level of rent and utilities, without paying more than 30 percent of their household&rsquos income. This level of income translates into a housing wage of \$13.52 per hour for a two-bedroom unit; however, the average renter only earns \$11.05 per hour.5 This results in low-income households migrating to older and less-functional Class C apartments that need repairs or updating and that are located in more economically depressed neighborhoods. With waiting lists of 1-3 years for affordable units, the number of families entering Utah homeless shelters has more than doubled. Communities are also affected. The unavailability of rental housing is now impairing local communities as businesses and government find it difficult to hire and retain a workforce. The Utah League of Cities and Towns has identified the need for workforce housing as a priorityfor 2008.

Utah&rsquos cumulative need in affordable rental units alone has been estimated at 51,000 units, or an annual gap of 8,855 affordable units (populations earning less than 50 percent AMI.)6 Utah&rsquos housing trust fund, the Olene Walker Housing Loan Funds (OWHLF), and low income housing tax credits cannot fill this gap.7 In these perilous economic times, more funding is needed to meet the rental housing needs of Utah&rsquos low income populations.



, Summary

Although the foreclosure crisis is felt statewide, the crisis is more pronounced in five of the most populous counties: Salt Lake, Weber, Washington, Davis and Utah. The foreclosure crisis has added to the already unmet demand for affordable housing units estimated at 51,000 units. HCD believes that the strategic allocation of NSP funds can help mitigate the effects of the foreclosure crisis within these counties while increasing the overall state capacity in affordable housing units.

#### Distribution and and Uses of Funds:

Although Utah has not been impacted by the foreclosure crises to the extent seen in most of the country, we do expect the mortgage crisis to escalate. To date much of the foreclosure activity has been in the higher income range of homes. This provides Utah the opportunity to use the NSP funds strategically, to stabilize neighborhoods by addressing issues such as the availability and affordability of basic housing. A certified public managers (CPM) team was chartered to collect and study the data on the foreclosure problem state wide. A brief summary of the data is attached as Exhibit I. The majority of foreclosed property is in Salt Lake County, followed by Utah, Washington, Weber and Davis Counties.

Utah plans to use 10% for administration of the NSP funds. The state may contract on a limited basis with a third party to administer a portion of this funding but the majority of the administration will be handled by state staff. Our objective is to use the limited NSP funding as directed by congress through HUD to address the areas of greatest need; therefore, most of the funding will be used in Salt Lake County with smaller amounts for other counties. Data on foreclosed property is currently not available below the county level. The state is taking a long term strategic view of neighborhood stabilization. The intent is to leverage this money to the greatest extent possible by working with our local partners to provide long term solutions for affordable housing and neighborhood stabilization. Per the regulations, funds will only be available to assist those at less then 120% area medium income. At a minimum, 25% of NSP funds will be dedicated to individuals making less than 50% of the area medium income (AMI). Section G describes the eligible activities that will be pursued and the amount of funds that will be applied to each activity. Due to the short time allowed in writing this plan specific projects have yet to be selected. HCD will determine specific projects to be funded and will identify those projects in the annual consolidated plan. Emphasis will be on stabilizing neighborhoods that have been most affected by the foreclosure crisis. The majority of funding will focus on land banks/trusts and on redevelopment. A portion of NSP funds will be used to revitalize foreclosed properties and make them available to families including homeless families. It is the State of Utah&rsquos goal to provide safe, affordable housing and improve the guality of life for low-tomoderate income persons and families.

#### **Definitions and Descriptions:**

(1) Definition of &Idquoblighted structure&rdquo in context of state or local law.

Response: Slum and Blight Area: An activity will be considered to address prevention or elimination of slums or blight in an area if:

Spot basis: Acquisition, clearance, relocation, historic preservation and building rehabilitation activities which eliminate specific conditions of blight or physical decay on a spot basis not located in a slum or blighted area will meet this objective. Under this criterion, rehabilitation is limited to the extent necessary to eliminate specific conditions detrimental to public health and safety. To be considered to be detrimental to public

health and safety, a condition must pose a threat to the public in general.

(2) Definition of &Idquoaffordable rents.&rdquo Note: Grantees may use the definition they have adopted for their CDBG program but should review their existing definition to ensure compliance with NSP program &ndashspecific requirements such as continued affordability.

Affordable rents - the generally accepted affordability standard is that households pay no more than 30 percent of income for rent and utilities. For projects receiving HOME funds, rents cannot exceed the current HUD rent limits for the locality. (3) Describe how the grantee will ensure continued affordability for NSP assisted housing.

Affordability will be maintained for the NSP-funded projects in accordance with HOME regulation at 24 CFR Part 92.254(a)(5) which states, "to ensure affordability, the participating jurisdiction must impose either resale or recapture requirements, at its option." Participating Jurisdiction (PJ&rsquos) must choose one option or the other for each unit assisted. Accordingly, DHCD has chosen the recaptur option based upon HUD

HOMEfires - Vol. 5 No. 5, November, 2003 which states:

The recapture option for HOME-assisted homebuyer units is described at 24 CFR 92.254(a)(5)(ii). Under the recapture option, the PJ recovers all or a portion of the HOME assistance to the homebuyers, if the housing does not continue to be the principal residence of the qualified low-income family that purchased the unit for the duration of the period of affordability. A PJ may adopt any one of four options in designing its recapture provisions. First, a PJ can recapture the entire amount of the HOME investment from the homebuyer upon sale of the property during the period of affordability. A PJ can also elect to reduce the amount to be repaid on a pro-rata basis according to the time the homebuyer has owned and occupied the housing measured against the required affordability period. Another option is for the PJ and the

homebuyer to share the net proceeds based upon the ratio of the HOME subsidy to the sum of the homebuyer's investment plus the HOME subsidy. Finally, the PJ may allow the homebuyer to recover his or her entire investment before any of the HOME investment is repaid to the PJ from the remaining net proceeds. In addition to these recapture options, the PJ may adopt, modify or develop its own recapture requirements for HUD approval. (Note: PJs concerned about the possibility of repaying funds in case of foreclosure may wish to consider adopting recapture provisionsthat base the recapture amount on the net proceeds available from the sale rather the entire amount of the



HOME investment. More guidance is provided on this subject in the recent HOMEfires - Vol. 5 No. 2, June, 2003.)

(4) Describe housing rehabilitation standards that will apply to NSP assisted activities. The Division of Housing and Community Development will inspect all NSP-funded projects and access the adherence to rehabilitation standards using the same schedule and checklists as the HOME-funded programs. The HOME final rule (92.251(a)(1)) requires that every unit being rehabilitated with HOME funds meet one of the following rehabilitation standards: local housing code; or the articles on property or sanitary standards in one of three model codes (Uniform Building Code (ICBO), the National Building Code (BOCA), or the Council of American Building Officials (CABO) one or two family code; or the Minimum Property Standards (MPS) in 24 CFR 200.925 or 200.926.

#### Low Income Targeting:

At least \$5,000,000 (more than 25%) will be spent on activities that benefit those with incomes at or below 50% of the area median income.

#### **Acquisition and Relocation:**

The state does not intend to use NSP funds to demolish or convert low income , dwelling units.

#### **Public Comment:**

The Utah Division of Housing and Community Development held a public hearing on October 29th to solicit public input on how the NSP funding should be spent in Utah. The hearing was advertised in the State&rsquos major newspapers, on the state website, direct

e-mail and word of mouth. Over 100 people were in attendance. Division Director Gordon D. Walker explained the parameters of the program and opened up the hearing for public comment. Fifteen people addressed the group petitioning for a share of the funding. There were representatives from all areas of the state including municipalities as well as non-profit organizations. The minutes of the meeting can be found attached in Exhibit II.

EXHIBIT II

Minutes from Neighborhood Stabilization Public Hearing
October 29, 2008
Start: 9:00 a.m.
Introductions

\$19.6 million for the Neighborhood Stabilization Program being brought through the
CDBG program through the state.

A brief summary handout of the rules and regulations was provided at registration. Funds need to be issued within 18 months. State of Utah has a short time frame to plan
for these funds. A 15 day public comment is required. The plan will be posted no later
than November 15.

Rules Overview
Five minutes for comments.

Heather Hoyt, Uintah County and Uintah Basin Assistance Council Housing
Authority



start. Barely starting to see foreclosures.

There is a housing crisis in the Basin. Very difficult for people to find affordable housing. This money to pick up some housing stock. Housing counselor matching people with affordable housing. Land has been purchased to start affordable housing projects but two years before these

Darin Brush, Executive Director of CDC Community Development Corporation of Utah 94 foreclosed homes have been rehab&rsquod and sold. CDC serves the entire state. Uniquely positioned to assist the state with using this money. Three recommendations 1) Work with the state to be successful 2) Working with Salt Lake County 3) Kathleen Cooper with Myton City. CDC has won a competitive grant from HUD, quarter of a million to invest in Myton. Cooper has asked an additional \$100K to invest along with the grant monies. Randy Jepperson, Salt Lake County Handouts, summary of projects. Recent study by the mortgage association. 84118 (Kearns) having the highest default rate. Currently working in Kearns and Magna buying up foreclosed homes. Have taken a different approach, CDC, RMP, Thermwise, the Idea house a different approach to rehabilitating houses. Met with the jurisdiction across the Wasatch front. The Webster&rsquos School Cottage development project (handout). Heidi Miller, edar City Housing Authority Monies given in smaller portions can make a big difference in the rural communities. Scott Harmon, Utah Housing Corporation, Housing Development Dept Crown, Echo, Reach programs, which provides affordable housing in Utah. Wayne Pyle, City Manager, WVC Partnered with the state on aus accomplished is being threatened. WVC is in great need. Claire Gillmor, WVC, organizational capacity and demonstrated ability to turn these funds around in 18 months or less. Highest percentage of families in below to moderate income range. Three years ago, WVC started pulling funds together and coordinating resources for their community preservation committee. There&rsquos a history of demonstrated progress from the Harvey Street and Arlington Park projects. 50% of all foreclosures with less than \$200k are in WVC.

Luann Clark, Director of Housing & Neighborhood Development for Salt Lake City,
Goal is to rehab 110 homes, which they have reached every year. Most homes are west



of I-15, 745 homes in SLC in stages of foreclosures. 95 are currently in foreclosures. 75% of sub prime mortgages will reset within 12-18 months. The NSP money will help to get ahead. Arati Raghavan, SITLA/Big Water City of Big Water in Southern Utah, Kane County. Great numbered of abandoned homes in this area. It is within the income range to qualify. 33% of homes currently have mortgages that are significantly higher than statewide figures. Rusaw, Community Action Provo Wants to create traditional and affordable housing. Money aside for housing counseling agencies for homeownership counseling and mitigation. Gay Jamieson, CDBG Coordinator of Logan City of Logan, prevention of foreclosures. Stabilization of homes in older neighborhoods in the heart of the city. Paul Glauser, Provo City Re-development Agency Handout memo. Stabilizing homes hit by foreclosure. Help neighborhoods where property values on non foreclosed properties that may have properties foreclosing. NSP money allow to stabilize neighborhoods and to purchase, rehab and resale of properties. Propose partnerships with the larger cities whom have experience expending CDBG funds. Michelle Flynn, Road Home Increase in homelessness result from foreclosures. 100% increase in homelessness at the Road Home. Purchase some abandoned and foreclosed properties and partner with non profits to provide affordable housing. This will prevent from building a bigger shelter. Cindy Bilkie, BRAG Housing authority and staff the homelessness council. Working on transitional housing projects and programs. Experiencing foreclosures with recent lay-offs and more lay-offs to come. Please consider Northern Utah. Richard Walker, Representing Rural Communities Creating a rural set aside, to keep them competitive in this process to enable them to do



level of commitment Maturity of projects take into consideration.

priority projects. Concerned areas are Ashley Valley, Uintah County, City of Moab, City of Logan Reward communities that have shown a

City of South Salt Lake, significant amount of smaller homes planned for rehabilitation.

Seh Butteril, Exc.AfralLnigomslcop<&spt</>>, Secure a lot and build a house, sell the house and lease the land. Once it is resold it needs to go to another low income family. Provides financial education to the homeowner.

Landscape every home. Target subdivisions that build in the \$200K range.

Comments on the NSP Substantial Amendment Draft

Manufactured homes have been providing an unsubsidized affordable housing choice for many years in Utah. The 2000 Census data shows that 84,000 Utahns chose this type of home. Two thirds are manufactured homeowners, and one third are renters. The 2007 American Survey reports 21,817 (+/\_ 2,047) manufactured homes are owner occupied and 7,459 (+/\_ 1,457) are renter occupied. The average cost of a manufactured home is around \$65,000. Homes can be singlewide, doublewide, or multi section, a great improvement in structure and aesthetics from the old ?mobile? homes or trailers. Due to such improvements, there is a greater demand for larger lots to accommodate the bigger

size homes. Most banks offer loans at higher rates for purchasing a manufactured

home. Individuals rely on loans given directly by the manufacturer or are caught in subprime loans with very high adjustable rates. Most of the homeowners are low income and senior citizens. Due to this type of housing, most owners rent a lot to have their home placed. In Salt Lake County, lot ranges from \$300 to \$450 a month. The rent amount accumulated with the monthly loan payment provides to homeowners an affordable housing choice. Manufactured homes can be a good investment and can create long term

financial stability. Preservation and new capacity building of manufactured home communities should be integrated in the states plan. Currently, parks that are placed in urban areas are surrounded by new residential, commercial, or retail development. In the rural area, they provide workforce housing for many individuals working in small towns. We strongly feel that the rural areas of the state should not be excluded from the states plan. We encourage the integration of new manufactured home community developments in the land banks/trusts plan of the state. Foreclosed land, in urban or rural area should be looked at as a very reliable investment for such development. With a

right plan in place and with the addition of other financial and community partners, thland can be developed into a new manufactured home community where the residents own the park in a cooperative format, or a nonprofit organization or a housing authority can own the community thus providing homeowners a stable place to live. Through such process of longterm financial stability, homeowners build equity, the property value

increases, and lending institutions will look at manufactured homes as a stable affordable housing and provide similar mortgage rates like for traditional homes. There are already several non?profit organizations in Utah, including Utah Housing Coalition, who work and advocate for manufactured home communities? preservation through resident

cooperatives. Through a nationwide network of experts on manufactured housing and advocacy groups, we will be able to provide input, plans of purchase, and cooperation throughout the process of implementing a financial stable plan for manufactured

homeowners. Purchasing land inual areas mrecot efectvethnrbalad,ueo temrkevaueandthsienstladn hgdensity areas. We encourage you to oversee also the manufactured homes with high adjustable rates that might result in foreclosures and building new capacity of manufactured home communities in rural and urban areas through resident cooperatives, ownership by a non profit organization or a housing authority.

Submitted by

Francisca Blanc Tara Rollins

Policy & Outreach Specialist Executive Director

Comments on the Draft NSP Program Description

**Utah Housing Coalition** 

In summary, the Utah Housing Coalition has some significant concerns about the NSP

program description available for comment at this time. The draft program description

prepared by DHCD limits flexibility, does not focus on the lower incomes and precludes

rural areas of the state from participation in the program, contrary to the program

regulation seeking jurisdiction-wide coverage.



1. The proposed state program focuses on the large urban areas of the state based solely on the incidence of foreclosures. Given this logic the state could focus all of the resources on Salt Lake County alone and still meet its expenditure requirements. The Housing Coalition suggests that the state create a rural set-aside program for at least one year allowing some additional counties access to the program. The second tier of counties in the foreclosure list specifically Tooele, Summit, Wasatch, Box Elder, Iron, Uintah and Sevier Counties are also feeling a significant effect of the foreclosure crisis and should not be precluded from participating in the program. Summit County for example, has more abandoned or vacant homes then all other counties in the state except for Salt Lake County itself. Please consider setting aside a relatively small amount of funding in these areas because it will make an important difference in these areas, where a significant affordable housing problem exists with very few financial resources available to address it. We suggest that the statcreate a 20% rural set-aside program (\$3.9 mill.) allowing rural jurisdictions to apply for one year and then it would be allowed to focus back on other areas in the priority urban areas, if not used. Program income should also be allowed to be spent statewide as it accumulates due to loan repayment. 25% expenditure requirement for

2. The Housing Coalition feels like the state is limiting the benefits available to those who need it the most by adopting the federal minimum

persons/families with less then 50% of AMI. Although the federal guidelines allow incomes of up to 120% of AMI to qualify, it is hoped that lower income families will also benefit particularly in obtaining new housing capacity created by this program. We feel the state should increase this percentage up to at least 33% or even 50%.

3. The Housing Coalition is also concerned that the state is being shortsighted by limiting the allowance of demolition and conversion of properties in communities that may need this option as part of their comprehensive program. The state may limit this option but to simply say that these options are not avaiable intheUtahprorammay aritrailylimt a/p&g stailiza neghbooowheresigificnt detriortinsprin aforcloed<> property, this option should be available to them. If the program guidelines allow the

Thank you for your consideration of these comments.

Richard Walker, Chair, Utah Housing Coalition

option, the state should not preclude it.

#### Dear Mr. Heaton:

I am writing regarding the neighborhood stabilization program. I read in the NSP Substantial Amendment that most of the available funds will go to Salt Lake County with smaller amounts going to other Counties such as Davis, Washington, Weber and Utah Counties. Although I understand there is a great need in the metropolitan counties of Utah, I ask that you allot some of the funds to the smaller, rural counties. Iron



County ranked 10th in your summary of foreclosures and delinquencies. In communities such as Cedar City, monies given in smaller portions can make a big difference.

Thank you for your attention to this letter. Please email or call me at (435) 586-2953 if you have questions.

Sincerely yours,

Ronald F. Chandler

Cedar City Manager

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Keith-

Thanks for the effort you and others have put in to drafting the NSP Substantial Amendment. I would like to provide you

with a couple of comments.

G-2 (8)b.ii - reference is made to negotiate the purchase of property at 15% below market value

- later in the same section, under "Discount rate:" it states at least 15% depending on negotiations.

G-3 (8)b.viii - reference is made to negotiating purchase at at least 5% below market value with an average of 15%

- later in the same section, under "Discount rate:" it states 5% minimum and an average of 15%

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My concern with the above is that by stipulatingminimum percentage discount for the land bank (G-2) or redevelopment (G-3) options, the program may be hamstrung if a below-market deal cannot be struck. Rather than mandate a minimum percentage below market, another option may be to either request or require a contribution from the seller that will go towards the development of the property to make it more affordable.

Thanks for opportunity to comment.

Regards,

Jonathan A. Hanks

V.P. Multifamily Finance

**Utah Housing Corporation** 

2479 Lake Park Boulevard

West Valley City, UT 84120

tel (801) 902-8221 fax (801) 902-8321

email jhanks@uthc.org

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Hello Keith,

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on behalf of Community Development Corporation of Utah on the State of Utah's draft Neighborhood Stabilization Plan (NSP) Substantial Amendment. Community Development Corporation of Utah (CDC) is an 18-year-old affordable homeownership and neighborhood revitalization non-profit agency with a statewide footprint. We have served more than 2000 Utah residents and built or preserved nearly 200 affordable homes throughout Utah. This history of accomplishment gives us a unique perspective from which to view the distribution and uses of funds you propose.

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The US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) had stated that the purpose of NSP is to "proide grants tverystatandertain loal comunileso prase freclsed or abandoned homes and to rehabilitate, resell, or redevelop these homes in order to stabilize neighborhods and stemped delie of housvalue of neighborhods. "Cleay tentnof CogresanUD is hat these resources be leveraged as high velocity dollars to slow depreciation and stabilize neighborhoods. A tremendous opportunity exists to help preserve affordable housing, which is critical for



continued economic growth in our state. Our experience suggests that the most cost-effective way to maintain the overall supply of affordable housing is through the preservation of affordable single-family homes. The costs of building new single- and multi-family housing is typically twice as expensive (or more) as single-family home rehabilitation and preservation. The draft Plan would allocate on \$3 million for the purchase, rehabilitation, and resale of foreclosed properties to income-eligible households, while nearly \$10 million would be set aside to establish land banks/trust that could take a decade to begin to realize any impact. We believe this amount for purchase and rehabilitation is too low and should at least be doubled. Land banking is an important activity but does not provide affordable housing, stabilize neighborhoods in the short term, nor stem the decline of home values. What is more, moving taxpayers back into neighborhoods damaged by foreclosures returns critical lost tax revenue for municipalities. Therefore, we respectfully request the following: &bull all the possible uses of the funding as listed by HUD be instated in the Plan as allowable; &bull a stakeholder committee be formed and charged with the authoritto recommend uses for the money that have the greatest positive impact in the geographic areas of greatest need; and &bull the funding distributions proposed in the plan be changed to at least double the amount available for purchase and rehabilitation of foreclosed properties, and that all amounts be noted as "flexible" or "conceptual" to ensure that they can be adjusted as needed. We are grateful for the State of Utah's leadership on these issues. Thank you again for the opportunity to comment in order to ensure that the best possible outcomes are realized during this historic period. Respectfully. --Darin Brush Darin Brush, Executive Director Community Development Corporation of Utah 501 East 1700 South Salt Lake City, Utah 84105 801.994.7222 X101 (w)/801.209.1008 (m) cdcutah.org

Mike, Can you provide information regarding the application process for obtaining NSP funds for Provo City and our local non-profits? We are talking to our local Housing Authority and other non-profits and they would like information regarding the application process for specific projects, staff contact information and timing of the process. Our local agencies are uniquely positioned to partner with the State in this program and we look forward to working with you.

Julie Beck

>>> "Julie Beck" <JBeck@provo.utah.gov> 11/26/2008 9:00 AM >>>



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Keith,
Here is The Road Home's input onhe State of Uth NSP Pn. &gt</th
<gt;&ns;< th=""></gt;&ns;<>
p&ghe Road Home would like to partner with the State of Utah to utilize NSP funds to
create housingopportnitiesor families exeriencinomelssnessn Salt Lakeounty.
e arentretediidetiying sigle fmily ad/r muti family properties that can be
purchased and rehabilitated to provide transitional or permanent supportive housing.
The Road Home is also interested in land banking for future permanent supportive
housing for chronically homeless individuals.
, TRH is also interested in partnering with the State to develop, operate and provide
supportive services for any housing that might be developed with this initiative.
Thank you for your support of the Ten Year Plan to End Chronic Homelessness.
, Michelle
, "Michelle Flynn" MFLYNN@theroadhome.org
,
,
,
, Keith,
, I recommend that a 5% set aside for rural areas be considered. We may have lower rates of foreclosure but the impact on our small county has been significant. We have had a great number of land foreclosures. Current land foreclosures are currently on the market for \$25,000, this is less than 50% of the original sales place.
, Please consider the rual of areas. The rural areas make up the majority of this state, to not consider them for any amount, even in it smallest portion, could not be in the best interest of the state.
, Heidi Miller
Cedar City Housing Authority
, "Heidi Miller" heidi@cedarcity.org
,
, Lloyd
This is an excellent project for Weber county that is well on it's way as far as planning and acquisition goes but lacks the funds to construct. I would like to submit this for consideration of funding for the neighborhood revitalization funds. Expanding affordable medical services in our



foreclosure. I failed to get contact information from the individuals from DCC. Would you please forward either this email or the contact info to me?
,
, I am hoping the meeting that we discussed will be scheduled soon by Johns office.
Thanks
, Jan.
, jzogmaister@co.weber.ut.us
,
,
, Mike -
We received the following email alert from HUD this afternoon - directed to us as a housing counseling agency.
, All HUD Approved Housing Counseling Agencies:
Housing Counseling update on HUD's new Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP)
As some of you may already know, Congress recently passed the Housing and Economic Recovery Act of 2008, which authorized and appropriated \$3.92 billion for the establishment of HUD's new Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP). NSP provides emergency assistance to State and local governments to acquire and redevelop foreclosed properties that might otherwise become sources of abandonment and blight within
their communities.
,
Specifically, NSP provides grants to every state and certain local communities to purchase foreclosed or abandoned homes and to rehabilitate, resell, or redevelop these homes in order to stabilize neighborhods and stemthdeclinef hosevaluef neighboring hos.nspThe program is administered through HUD's Office of Community Planning and Development (CPD) as a componet of thCommunitDevelopment BlocGrant Proram (DG).
OvealISP fuds maye useo supprtactivtiewhich inlude,ut
pgt;re not limited to:
* Establishing financing mechanisms for purchase and redevelopment
of foreclosed homes and residential properties;
* Purchasing and rehabilitating homes and residential properties
abandoned or foreclosed;
* Establishing land banks for foreclosed homes;
* Demolishing blighted structures; or
* Redeveloping demolished or vacant properties ,
, To help prevent future foreclosures the legislation also requires each homebuyer that purchases a home through an NSP assisted program to receive "8 hours of housing counseling" from a HUD-approved housing counseling agency before obtaining a mortgage loan. Despite the word choice in thlegislation, CPD has indicated that 8 hours of homebuyer education will satisfy the requirement.

county would have a tremendous impact for those struggling with medical cost which is one of the key factors in bankruptcy leading to



Due to this specific requirement to receive housing counseling education from a HUD-approved housing counseling agency many of you may be requested to provide housing counseling education services for State or local agencies responsible for administering the NSP. Housing counseling/education is an eliqible expense under NSP. Funding

decisions are made by the state or local government agency responsible for administering the block grant, so counseling agencies are encouraged to enter into a dialogue with these agencies to discuss partnership and reimbursement.

We also spoke with Utah Housing Corporation on several occasions. We agree that it is very unfortunate that they choose not to apply for Utah. Because specific housing counseling is required - is it not in Utah's best interest to include even the narrow definition of housing counseling in the plan? This would allow grantees and existing housing counseling agencies to be paid to do the counseling for those who participate in NSP. Even this small amount would make a difference for Utah's HUD certified

housing counseling agencies. Let me know what you think. Thanks. Myla Myla J. Dutton **Executive Director** Community Action Services and Food Bank Helping people. Changing lives. www.CommunityActionUC.org 815 South Freedom Blvd., Ste. 100 Provo, UT 84601 801.691.5250 Fax 801.373.8228 Dear Keith, I have reviewed the NSP Substantial Amendment and offer the following as public comment to the draft.

You note that the NSP will target the counties with the highest need in terms of foreclosure. I offer that you consider not only the number of foreclosures in a county but the rate of foreclosure. Doing so may prompt you to include additional counties in Utah's target (please note that Wasatch, Summit and Tooele Counties might be included according to the attached rudimentary spreadsheet).

Upon meeting with Stan Gimont, Director of the Office of Block Grant Assistance, I have found that addressing the portion of the NSP that is to be utilized for 50% AMI populations is goig to be a majoractothathey wilonsider in tir apprvalof statendocaplas. I note that while Utah's plan mentions the 25% for 50% target three times, it does not seem to fully expain thelan to utilze these fnds. Whie this targt is rerenced atthe end of secton G-3,t is nt fullexploredand doesot seemtoibe wittheest of theection.

∓bsp;

Please contact me if you would like to discuss the topics of my meeting with Stan Gimont or my public comment.



Thank you for your consideration on these points. Shawn shawn@utahcap.org November 18, 2008 Mr.ordon D. Walker **Division Director** Utah Division of Housing and Community Development 324 South State Street, 5th Floor Salt Lake City, UT 84111 Re: Draft Neighborhood Stabilization Program Substantial Amendment Dear Mr. Walker: We appreciated the opportunity on October 29 to offer comments at your Division&rsquos hearing on the HUD Neighborhood Stabilization Program. As the agency administering Provo&rsquos CDBG and HOME funds, we realize the daunting task it will be to make effective use of these new funds, roughly equivalent to the combined CDBG awarded by HUD to all Utah jurisdictions in a typical year, and to do so within the tight time frame mandated by Congress and within the existing administrative capacities of public, nonprofit, and private sector organizations. Having reviewed the November 13 draft Substantial Amendment posted on your Division&rsquos website, may we now offer a few additional thoughts which we hope you will consider prior to submitting the Substantial Amendment to HUD: From our reading of the NSP regulations in the Federal Register, NSP funds are intended primarily to mitigate the impact of a flood of foreclosures on the nation&rsquos neighborhoods, by returning affordable foreclosed homes to productive use as soon as possible. (Although some foreclosed homes are priced beyond the reach of low and middle income households, we are finding that many are affordable or near-affordable to these households.) Consequently, we are surprised to learn that the State proposes to allocate only \$3 million toward getting homebuyers into these homes &ndash enough to do only 15-25 homes statewide.



We are equally surprised to learn that the State proposes to use \$5 million for purchase redevelopment of multifamily housing and \$9.64 million to purchase land for future housing development. While redevelopment of existing substandard housing stock may help to stabilize neighborhoods, neither this redevelopment nor land banking will provide immediate relief to the foreclosure problem for which Congress has established NSP. Furthermore, the cities identified in the Substantial Amendment as having the majority of need tend to be those with already the highest rates of rental housing. To these communities, true neighborhood stabilization mainly involves striking a better balance between owner-occupied and rental housing. We respectfully suggest that Utah&rsquosSP grant address srategies tuickly getoe forelsed homebackinto theans of well qualified, moderate- and middle-income homeowners. In our experience, soft second mortgages are a highly efective wy of gap facedy would-behomebuyers athey tryourchaseomes by means theyruly p&gtcanafford. Seond, admiitrativeostsre kept lw becase conventioal lenderdo <><>much of the marketing and borrower qualifying for these loans, consistent with responsible second-mortgage underwriting standards set forth by the State or other experienced agencies. Finally, because the money goes out as loans, there is the opportunity to multiply the impact many times over as loans pay off and the funds revolve. The definition of &Idquoblighted area&rdquo used in the Substantial Amendment cites a section of Utah redevelopment law which was repealed in 2006 and replaced by a new, significantly different section 17C-2-303. This 2006 standard for blight is quite rigorous. You may want to review whether it is truly appropriate for determining properties to be landbanked. Furthermore, this way of determining blight has been controversial enough over the years that the Legislature mandates that each redevelopment blight determination be based on completion of an elaborate blight study. In adopting this blight definition, does the Division anticipate that such a blight study will be performed for each property considered for land-banking? The Substantial Amendment states that no NSP funds will be used to demolish or convert low income dwellings. Given that demolition may only be used on blighted dwellings, and that most blighted dwellings will tend to be low income dwellings, it would be well to keep a window open for demolishing low income dwellings in some limited situations. Maybe this can be done with a commitment to one-for-one replacement of demolished low income dwellings. The specifics of such program issues as determining areas of greatest need, of the process for determining projects to fund, of recapture requirements, and of rehabilitation



standards could not be addressed in the short time frame HUD has given you to respond. Naturally, both we and the nonprofits which work in the Provo area are interested in how these points will be addressed. We would be happy to serve as a resource to you in addressing these, if that would be helpful. In closing: we are excited for the added opportunities which Neighborhood Stabilization Program funds offer for meeting housing and neighborhood stabilization needs in Utah. We hope the comments offered here are helpful. Candidly, we are having a hard time understanding how the package of grant activities the Division is proposing will do much to address Congressional intent for these monies. Congress and HUD have given the Housing and Community Development Division a very full plate in administering these one-time monies according to such a rigorous schedule. Please call on us if we can be of help with this in any way. Sincerely yours, REDEVELOPENTAGENCY OF PROVO CIT PaulGlaser <>Directr "aul Gluser" PGlaserprovoutah.ov Keith-Did the committee proposal to HUD include anything for ALLOME? <>Ourwebsite is not explaining things well yet. We are really working on it. Seth Butterfield allhomeinameica allhomenamerica@mac.om nbsp;/p> <>&nbs; I jst read thrugh the drftcopy of te NSPubstantialmendmentfor Utah andjushad aew gestions I understand there was not a lot of time given to prepare this report; therefore, specific projects have not been selected. Will these exact projects be listed by December 1, 2008 or will we have to wait until the annual consolidated plan? Under the G-3 NSP Information by Activity the Activity Description states:

A. Needs exists in Salt Lake Metro area, Provo, Ogden, Layton-Clearfield area and St. George area. Since Clearfield City was listed are we required to complete an application to request funding? I realize your office received this grant and can distribute it how you see fit. Do you anticipate overseeing the whole project or does your office plan on contributing funds to these cities or counties listed in your plan?

```
If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to call me. Also, I would like to thank you in advance for your time. It is greatly appreciated!
Respectfully,
Stacy Reel
Clearfield City
CDBG Coordinator
525-2781
"Stacy Reel" stacy.reel@clearfieldcity.org
>>> "Gay Jamieson" <GJAMIESO@loganutah.org> 11/17/08 1:51 PM >>>
Mr. Heaton.
I have read the NSP Substantial Amendment submitted by the State to HUD. I see the
City of Logan was not identified by the State of Utah as an area of need. The minutes of
the Utah NSP hearing last month did not fully capture Logan's purpose in our
presentation. However, I am not criticizing the minutes, I am merely hoping to ensure
that we are allowed adequate opportunity to better state our issues in appropriate detail.
Is there an NSP grant application form available from the State of Utah at this time? If
so, please direct me to it.
Is Logan being precluded from submitting an application form if we are not identified as
an area of greatest need by the State in their NSP application to HUD?
Thank you for your assistance and consideration.
Gay
D. Gay Jamieson
CDBG Coordinator
City of Logan
Phone: (435) 716-9008
Fax: (435) 716-9001
>>> "Gay Jamieson" <GJAMIESO@loganutah.org> 11/17/08 1:51 PM >>>
Keith: I have read the proposed NSP Draft, and presented a copy to Mayor Godfrey. My
understanding is that land banked property under section G-2, and redeveloped property
```



under G-3 must be foreclosed or abandoned property. Since your description of each of

, these activities does not specifically mention that purchased property must be abandoned
, or foreclosed, Mayor Godfrey has questioned whether we could undertake activities on
properties obtained through other means.
,
Please respond with clarification on whether land banked property andredeveloped
property mustbe obtained from abandoned or foreclosed inventory.
, Ward Ogden
Senior Project Coordinator
, Ogden City Community Development
, (801) 629-8942
, (801) 629-8996 fax
wardo@ogdencity.com
,
,
Keith:
Thave read the NSP substantial amendment and just had acouple of questions.
, Question No. 1 - Under the Sectionof Responsible Organizations you mentioned Partners, including for profit and non-profit housing agencies. Are local government agencies going to be considered as a partner and eligible for funding or just for profit and non-profit housing agencies?
Question No. 2 – How will projects/partners be chosen under each of the categories? I know you mentioned that the projects would be identified in your consolidated plan update but not how the projects/partners will be chosen. Will you have an application process and if so will the Olene Walker Fund Board be selecting the project? Or is the State going to be the lead on all of the projects with no direct funding going to any other organization?
, I know you are incredible busy and appreciate you taking the time to answer my questions.
, Attached is a scanned copy of a letter I am sending in the mail with my comments on the State&rsquos NSP Substantial Amendment. Please let me know if you have any questions.
Thanks,
, LuAnn Clark
, Director
, Housing and Neighborhood Development
, 451 South State Street,
, Salt Lake City, Utah 84111
, (801)535-6136
, "Clark, Luann" Luann.Clark@slcgov.com



Overall	This Report Period	To Date
Total Projected Budget from All Sources	N/A	\$27,497,703.57
Total Budget	\$723,885.03	\$27,497,703.57
Total Obligated	\$723,885.03	\$27,497,703.57
Total Funds Drawdown	\$724,306.05	\$27,496,336.47
Program Funds Drawdown	\$421.02	\$19,598,455.75
Program Income Drawdown	\$723,885.03	\$7,897,880.72
Program Income Received	\$9,368,512.95	\$16,542,508.64
Total Funds Expended	\$0.00	\$26,763,084.73
Match Contributed	\$0.00	\$0.00

## **Progress Toward Required Numeric Targets**

Requirement	Required	To Date
Overall Benefit Percentage (Projected)		0.00%
Overall Benefit Percentage (Actual)		0.00%
Minimum Non-Federal Match	\$0.00	\$0.00
Limit on Public Services	\$2,940,000.00	\$0.00
Limit on Admin/Planning	\$1,960,000.00	\$1,125,850.30
Limit on State Admin	\$0.00	\$1,125,850.30

## **Progress Toward Activity Type Targets**

## **Progress Toward National Objective Targets**

 National Objective
 Target
 Actual

 NSP Only - LH - 25% Set-Aside
 \$4,900,000.00
 \$7,801,168.82

# **Overall Progress Narrative:**

Funds have all been expended. UCAH continues to acquire, rehabilitate and re-sell properties using program income.

## **Project Summary**

Project #, Project Title	This Report Period	To Date		
	Program Funds Drawdown	Project Funds Budgeted	Program Funds Drawdown	
9999, Restricted Balance	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	
UT-G-Adm, State NSP Admin	\$421.02	\$392,000.00	\$390,456.00	



UT-G1, Acquisition & Rehabilitate	\$0.00	\$19,407,361.44	\$12,046,518.66
UT-G2, Land Banks/Trusts	\$0.00	\$6,346,534.99	\$6,263,979.31
UT-G3, Redevelopment	\$0.00	\$793,380.57	\$793,380.57
UT-G5, UCAH Admin	\$0.00	\$734,172.30	\$104,121.21
UT-G6. Finance Mechanisms	\$0.00	\$267.873.92	\$0.00



### **Activities**

N/A

## Project # / Title: UT-G-Adm / State NSP Admin

**Grantee Activity Number:** UT-G-Adm

Activity Title: NSP-Administration

Activity Category: Activity Status:

Administration Under Way

Project Number: Project Title:
UT-G-Adm State NSP Admin

Projected Start Date: Projected End Date:

10/01/2008 09/30/2013

Benefit Type: Completed Activity Actual End Date:

National Objective: Responsible Organization:

I/A The State of Utah, Department of Community & Culture,

**Overall** Jan 1 thru Mar 31, 2015 To Date **Total Projected Budget from All Sources** N/A \$392,000.00 **Total Budget** \$0.00 \$392,000.00 **Total Obligated** \$0.00 \$392,000.00 \$421.02 **Total Funds Drawdown** \$391,678.00 **Program Funds Drawdown** \$421.02 \$390,456.00 **Program Income Drawdown** \$0.00 \$1,222.00 **Program Income Received** \$0.00 \$0.00 **Total Funds Expended** \$0.00 \$382,310.11

Match Contributed\$0.00\$0.00

**Activity Description:** 

**Location Description:** 

**Activity Progress Narrative:** 



### **Accomplishments Performance Measures**

No Accomplishments Performance Measures found.

#### **Beneficiaries Performance Measures**

No Beneficiaries Performance Measures found.

#### **Activity Locations**

No Activity Locations found.

### **Other Funding Sources Budgeted - Detail**

**No Other Match Funding Sources Found** 

Other Funding Sources Amount

No Other Funding Sources Found Total Other Funding Sources

Project # / Title: UT-G1 / Acquisition & Rehabilitate

Grantee Activity Number: UT-G1 - Single Family 25%
Activity Title: UT-G1-Single Family 25%

Activity Category: Activity Status:

Acquisition - general Under Way

Project Number: Project Title:

UT-G1 Acquisition & Rehabilitate

Projected Start Date: Projected End Date:

11/10/2009 12/15/2009

Benefit Type: Completed Activity Actual End Date:
Direct Benefit (Households)

National Objective: Responsible Organization:

NSP Only - LH - 25% Set-Aside Utah Center for Affordable Housing2

Overall	Jan 1 thru Mar 31, 2015	To Date
Total Projected Budget from All Sources	N/A	\$2,456,280.12
Total Budget	\$0.00	\$2,456,280.12
Total Obligated	\$0.00	\$2,456,280.12
Total Funds Drawdown	\$0.00	\$2,456,280.12
Program Funds Drawdown	\$0.00	\$195,434.62



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lon 4 thru Mar 24 2045

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Program Income Drawdown	\$0.00	\$2,260,845.50
Program Income Received	\$76,339.00	\$569,044.13
Total Funds Expended	\$0.00	\$2,456,280.35

Match Contributed \$0.00

### **Activity Description:**

This property was purchased to provide housing for a qualified family identified through The Road Home Shelter.

### **Location Description:**

3881 S Glen Hill Drive, Salt Lake City, UT

### **Activity Progress Narrative:**

## **Accomplishments Performance Measures**

	This Report Period	<b>Cumulative Actual Total / Expected</b>
	Total	Total
# of Properties	0	1/1
# of buildings (non-residential)	0	0/0
# of Parcels acquired by	0	0/0
# of Parcels acquired by admin	0	0/0
# of Parcels acquired voluntarily	0	1/1
Total acquisition compensation to	0	0/0

	This Report Period	<b>Cumulative Actual Total / Expected</b>
	Total	Total
# of Housing Units	0	1/1
# of Singlefamily Units	0	1/1

### **Beneficiaries Performance Measures**

	This Report Period		<b>Cumulative Actual Total / Expected</b>				
	Low	Mod	Total	Low	Mod	Total	Low/Mod%
# of Permanent Jobs Created	0	0	0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0

	This	This Report Period		<b>Cumulative Actual Total / Expected</b>			
	Low	Mod	Total	Low	Mod	Total Lo	ow/Mod%
# of Households	0	0	0	19/2	0/0	19/2	100.00
# Renter Households	0	0	0	19/2	0/0	19/2	100.00

### **Activity Locations**

No Activity Locations found.



## Other Funding Sources Budgeted - Detail

## No Other Match Funding Sources Found

Other Funding Sources Amount

No Other Funding Sources Found Total Other Funding Sources



Grantee Activity Number: UT-G1 - Single Family Residences
Activity Title: UT-G1 - Single Family Residences

**Activitiy Category:** 

Rehabilitation/reconstruction of residential structures

**Project Number:** 

UT-G1

**Projected Start Date:** 

12/01/2008

**Benefit Type:** 

Direct Benefit (Households)

**National Objective:** 

NSP Only - LMMI

**Activity Status:** 

Under Way

**Project Title:** 

Acquisition & Rehabilitate

**Projected End Date:** 

07/31/2018

**Completed Activity Actual End Date:** 

**Responsible Organization:** 

Utah Center for Affordable Housing2

Overall	Jan 1 thru Mar 31, 2015	To Date
Total Projected Budget from All Sources	N/A	\$195,166.47
Total Budget	\$0.00	\$195,166.47
Total Obligated	\$0.00	\$195,166.47
Total Funds Drawdown	\$0.00	\$194,121.57
Program Funds Drawdown	\$0.00	\$159,057.27
Program Income Drawdown	\$0.00	\$35,064.30
Program Income Received	\$845,462.65	\$846,461.11
Total Funds Expended	\$0.00	\$194,121.57
Match Contributed	\$0.00	\$0.00

#### **Activity Description:**

Property landbanked for future development of 16 owner occupied twin homes for sale to low and moderate income families. The land banked property was deemed ineligible because we becasue we could not meet the national objective for acquisition or disposition. The property was sold and the proceeds were used to purchase a different single family residence. The gain on the property will be used for acquisition/rehab and administrative costs on future purchases.

#### **Location Description:**

246 W Willow Creek Dr, Saratoga Springs, UT - property sold because it was deemed ineligible. The new property address is 10539 S Silver Mountain Dr, Sandy, UT 84094.

#### **Activity Progress Narrative:**

### **Accomplishments Performance Measures**

This Report Period Cumulative Actual Total / Expected

Total Total

# of Properties 0 0/1



This Report Period Cumulative Actual Total / Expected
Total Total

# of Housing Units 0 0/1

# of Singlefamily Units 0 0/1

### **Beneficiaries Performance Measures**

	Thi	This Report Period			Cumulative Actual Total / Expected		
	Low	Mod	Total	Low	Mod	Total Low/	Mod%
# of Households	0	0	0	0/0	0/1	0/1	0

## **Activity Locations**

No Activity Locations found.

## **Other Funding Sources Budgeted - Detail**

**No Other Match Funding Sources Found** 

Other Funding Sources Amount

No Other Funding Sources Found

**Total Other Funding Sources** 



**Grantee Activity Number:** UT-G1 Draper Property

Activity Title: Draper Condos

Activity Category: Activity Status:

Acquisition - general Under Way

Project Number: Project Title:

UT-G1 Acquisition & Rehabilitate

Projected Start Date: Projected End Date:

03/01/2009 07/31/2013

Benefit Type: Completed Activity Actual End Date:

National Objective: Responsible Organization:

NSP Only - LMMI Utah Center for Affordable Housing2

Overall	Jan 1 thru Mar 31, 2015	To Date
Total Projected Budget from All Sources	N/A	\$2,979,226.36
Total Budget	\$0.00	\$2,979,226.36
Total Obligated	\$0.00	\$2,979,226.36
Total Funds Drawdown	\$0.00	\$2,979,226.36
Program Funds Drawdown	\$0.00	\$2,949,207.48
Program Income Drawdown	\$0.00	\$30,018.88
Program Income Received	\$131,496.86	\$1,469,392.16
Total Funds Expended	\$0.00	\$2,979,226.48
Match Contributed	\$0.00	\$0.00

## **Activity Description:**

Direct Benefit (Households)

Multi family and land banked property to be developed for affordable housing

### **Location Description:**

248 East 13800 South, Draper, UT 84020

#### **Activity Progress Narrative:**

### **Accomplishments Performance Measures**

	This Report Period	<b>Cumulative Actual Total / Expected</b>
	Total	Total
# of Properties	0	31/1
# of buildings (non-residential)	0	2/0
# of Parcels acquired by	0	0/0
# of Parcels acquired by admin	0	0/0



# of Parcels acquired voluntarily	0	2/30
Total acquisition compensation to	0	0/0

	This Report Period	<b>Cumulative Actual Total / Expected</b>
	Total	Total
# of Housing Units	0	30/30

# of Multifamily Units 0 30/30 30/30

### **Beneficiaries Performance Measures**

inis Report Period			Cumulative Actual Total / Expected			
Low	Mod	Total	Low	Mod	Total	Low/Mod%

# of Permanent Jobs Created 0 0 0 0/0 0/0 0/0 0/0

This Report Period Cumulative Actual Total / Expected

 Low
 Mod
 Total
 Low
 Mod
 Total Low/Mod%

 # of Households
 0
 0
 0
 0/0
 0/0
 0/0
 0/30
 0

### **Activity Locations**

No Activity Locations found.

## **Other Funding Sources Budgeted - Detail**

**No Other Match Funding Sources Found** 

Other Funding Sources Amount

No Other Funding Sources Found Total Other Funding Sources



Grantee Activity Number: UT-G1 Huntington Condos, LMMI
Activity Title: Huntington Condos, Provo LMMI

Activity Category: Activity Status:

Acquisition - general Under Way

Project Number: Project Title:

UT-G1 Acquisition & Rehabilitate

Projected Start Date: Projected End Date:

03/01/2009 07/31/2013

Benefit Type: Completed Activity Actual End Date:

National Objective: Responsible Organization:

NSP Only - LMMI Utah Center for Affordable Housing2

Overall	Jan 1 thru Mar 31, 2015	To Date
Total Projected Budget from All Sources	N/A	\$1,564,461.50
Total Budget	\$0.00	\$1,564,461.50
Total Obligated	\$0.00	\$1,564,461.50
Total Funds Drawdown	\$0.00	\$1,564,461.50
Program Funds Drawdown	\$0.00	\$1,529,322.43
Program Income Drawdown	\$0.00	\$35,139.07
Program Income Received	\$5,915.85	\$180,206.79
Total Funds Expended	\$0.00	\$1,564,461.50
Match Contributed	\$0.00	\$0.00

#### **Activity Description:**

Direct Benefit (Households)

Provide affordable housing for household with income up to 120% AMI. 17 Units in this 60 unit building are available for households making up to 120% AMI.

#### **Location Description:**

Multi family complex located at 133 West 200 South, Provo, UT 84604

### **Activity Progress Narrative:**

### **Accomplishments Performance Measures**

	This Report Period	<b>Cumulative Actual Total / Expected</b>
	Total	Total
# of Properties	0	18/1
# of buildings (non-residential)	0	0/0
# of Parcels acquired by	0	0/0



# of Parcels acquired by admin	0	0/0
# of Parcels acquired voluntarily	0	0/1
Total acquisition compensation to	0	0/0

	This Report Period	<b>Cumulative Actual Total / Expected</b>
	Total	Total
# of Housing Units	0	18/17
# of Multifamily Units	0	18/17

### **Beneficiaries Performance Measures**

	This Report Period			<b>Cumulative Actual Total / Expected</b>			
	Low	Mod	Total	Low	Mod	Total	Low/Mod%
# of Permanent Jobs Created	0	0	0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0

	This Report Period			Cumulative Actual Total / Expected					
	Low	Mod	Total	Low	Mod	Total Lov	w/Mod%		
# of Households	0	0	0	0/0	0/39	42/39	0.00		
# Renter Households	0	0	0	0/0	0/39	42/39	0.00		

## **Activity Locations**

No Activity Locations found.

## **Other Funding Sources Budgeted - Detail**

**No Other Match Funding Sources Found** 

Other Funding Sources Amount

No Other Funding Sources Found Total Other Funding Sources



Grantee Activity Number: UT-G1 Huntington Condos, Provo 25%

Activity Title: Huntington Condos, Provo

**Activitiy Category:** 

Acquisition - general

**Project Number:** 

UT-G1

**Projected Start Date:** 

03/01/2009

**Benefit Type:** 

Direct Benefit (Households)

**National Objective:** 

NSP Only - LH - 25% Set-Aside

**Activity Status:** 

**Under Way** 

**Project Title:** 

Acquisition & Rehabilitate

**Projected End Date:** 

07/31/2013

**Completed Activity Actual End Date:** 

**Responsible Organization:** 

Utah Center for Affordable Housing1

Overall	Jan 1 thru Mar 31, 2015	To Date
Total Projected Budget from All Sources	N/A	\$5,344,888.70
Total Budget	\$0.00	\$5,344,888.70
Total Obligated	\$0.00	\$5,344,888.70
Total Funds Drawdown	\$0.00	\$5,344,888.70
Program Funds Drawdown	\$0.00	\$5,281,521.66
Program Income Drawdown	\$0.00	\$63,367.04
Program Income Received	\$112,743.27	\$305,405.08
Total Funds Expended	\$0.00	\$5,344,888.70
Match Contributed	\$0.00	\$0.00

#### **Activity Description:**

a. The state intends to develop a program that provides permanent housing for people that fall below the 120 percent average medium income level. a. Planned Activites: i. Identify potential sites; ii. Negotiate for purchase of property below market value at least 5 percent with an average of 15 percent. iii. Purchase single-family homes in locations that can best serve the needs of low income families, i.e., close to public transportationi corridors, health services, shopping options, food pantries, work opportunities and thta contribute to neighborhood stabilization. iv. Rent/lease/sell to families including homeless families that fall below the 120 percent average median income. Housing Related Activities: Tenure of Beneficiaries - permanent Duration or Term Assistance - Income eligible households may rent or purchase the units after completing homebuyer counseling and after securingn private sector fixed rate mortgages. Proceeds from teh sale of units will be considered program income and can revolve for the purchas of other units. Thereafter, proceeds shall be used for other NSP-eligible activities including redevelopment under eligible use E. Design of the Activity - Rent or mortgage will not exceed 30 percent of the family's adjusted gross income. In addition, the Dvision of Housing and Community Development has adopted HUD's recpature provisions for properties assisted. Acquistion Activities: Discount Rate - 5 percent minimum and an average of at least 15 percent depending on negotiations. The lower the AMI target the higher discount rate requested. Financing Activities: NA Total Budget: The initial budget is set at \$3 million in NSP funds. Effort will be made to leverage wherever possible with other sources including individual development accounts (IDAS), local government community development funds, neighborhood initiatives, and local lending institutions. HCD currently has excellent relationship with partners in government, non-profit and private sectors to leverage available funds at a high level. for example, for single-family projects, our housing loan fund leveraged \$3.24 for every \$1.00 they invested in FY2008. Performance Measures: The goal is to rehabilitate and make available approximately 15-25 homes with the initial \$3 million and purchase additional units from program income as the units are sold.

#### **Location Description:**



The state will target limited fundig to the area of greatest need within the parameters of the program. 133 West 200 South, Provo, UT

### **Activity Progress Narrative:**

### **Accomplishments Performance Measures**

	This Report Period	<b>Cumulative Actual Total / Expected</b>
	Total	Total
# of Properties	0	42/1
# of buildings (non-residential)	0	0/0
# of Parcels acquired by	0	0/0
# of Parcels acquired by admin	0	0/0
# of Parcels acquired voluntarily	0	0/0
Total acquisition compensation to	0	0/0

	This Report Period	<b>Cumulative Actual Total / Expected</b>
	Total	Total
# of Housing Units	0	42/43
# of Multifamily Units	0	42/43

#### **Beneficiaries Performance Measures**

	This Report Period			<b>Cumulative Act</b>	ual Total / Expected		
	Low	Mod	Total	Low	Mod	Total	Low/Mod%
# of Permanent Jobs Created	0	0	0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0

	This Report Period			Cumulative Actual Total / Expected			
	Low	Mod	Total	Low	Mod	Total Lo	w/Mod%
# of Households	0	0	0	95/43	0/0	95/43	100.00
# Renter Households	0	0	0	95/43	0/0	95/43	100.00

### **Activity Locations**

No Activity Locations found.

### **Other Funding Sources Budgeted - Detail**

### No Other Match Funding Sources Found

Other Funding Sources Amount

No Other Funding Sources Found Total Other Funding Sources



Grantee Activity Number: UT-G1- Single Family Residences

Activity Title: Single Family Residences

Activity Category: Activity Status:

Acquisition - general Under Way

Project Number: Project Title:

UT-G1 Project Title:

Acquisition & Rehabilitate

Projected Start Date: Projected End Date:

03/01/2009 07/31/2013

Benefit Type: Completed Activity Actual End Date:

National Objective: Responsible Organization:

NSP Only - LMMI Utah Center for Affordable Housing2

Overall	Jan 1 thru Mar 31, 2015	To Date
Total Projected Budget from All Sources	N/A	\$6,426,320.44
Total Budget	\$627,359.10	\$6,426,320.44
Total Obligated	\$627,359.10	\$6,426,320.44
Total Funds Drawdown	\$627,359.10	\$6,426,320.44
Program Funds Drawdown	\$0.00	\$1,931,975.20
Program Income Drawdown	\$627,359.10	\$4,494,345.24
Program Income Received	\$412,200.62	\$4,181,199.13
Total Funds Expended	\$0.00	\$5,798,961.57
Match Contributed	\$0.00	\$0.00

#### **Activity Description:**

Direct Benefit (Households)

Purchase properties and rehabilitate if necessary for single family residences to qualified homebuyers.

### **Location Description:**

Single family residences purchased in Weber, Davis, Salt Lake, Utah and Washington counties

#### **Activity Progress Narrative:**

### **Accomplishments Performance Measures**

	This Report Period	<b>Cumulative Actual Total / Expected</b>
	Total	Total
# of Properties	0	49/28
# of buildings (non-residential)	0	0/0
# of Parcels acquired by	0	0/0
# of Parcels acquired by admin	0	0/0



# of Parcels acquired voluntarily	0	8/0
Total acquisition compensation to	0	0/0

This Report Period Cumulative Actual Total / Expected

 Total
 Total

 0
 49/28

 0
 49/28

#### **Beneficiaries Performance Measures**

This Report Period Cumulative Actual Total / Expected

Low Mod Total Low Mod Total Low/

 Low
 Mod
 Total
 Low
 Mod
 Total
 Low/Mod%

 # of Permanent Jobs Created
 0
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This Report Period Cumulative Actual Total / Expected

	Low	Mod	Total	Low	Mod	Total Lo	w/Mod%
# of Households	0	0	0	0/6	24/13	43/28	55.81
# Owner Households	0	0	0	0/6	24/13	43/28	55 81

### **Activity Locations**

# of Housing Units

# of Singlefamily Units

No Activity Locations found.

### **Other Funding Sources Budgeted - Detail**

**No Other Match Funding Sources Found** 

Other Funding Sources Amount

No Other Funding Sources Found Total Other Funding Sources

### Project # / Title: UT-G2 / Land Banks/Trusts

Grantee Activity Number: UT-G2 Land Bank Draper

Activity Title: Draper Land Bank

Activity Category: Activity Status:

Land Banking - Acquisition (NSP Only)

Under Way

Project Number: Project Title:

UT-G2 Land Banks/Trusts

Projected Start Date: Projected End Date:

03/01/2009 07/31/2013

Benefit Type: Completed Activity Actual End Date:

National Objective: Responsible Organization:

NSP Only - LMMI Utah Center for Affordable Housing2



Area Benefit (Census)

Overall	Jan 1 thru Mar 31, 2015	To Date
Total Projected Budget from All Sources	N/A	\$2,949,207.49
Total Budget	\$0.00	\$2,949,207.49
Total Obligated	\$0.00	\$2,949,207.49
Total Funds Drawdown	\$0.00	\$2,949,207.49
Program Funds Drawdown	\$0.00	\$2,949,207.49
Program Income Drawdown	\$0.00	\$0.00
Program Income Received	\$7,530,101.56	\$8,283,112.12
Total Funds Expended	\$0.00	\$2,949,207.17

**Match Contributed** \$0.00 \$0.00

### **Activity Description:**

Property land banked for future development of affordable housing units.

### **Location Description:**

248 East 13800 South, Draper UT 84020

### **Activity Progress Narrative:**

Accomplishments Perfo	rmance Measures	
	This Report Period	<b>Cumulative Actual Total / Expected</b>
	Total	Total
# of Properties	0	0/1
	This Report Period	<b>Cumulative Actual Total / Expected</b>
	Total	Total
# of Housing Units	0	0/120

#### **Beneficiaries Performance Measures**

No Beneficiaries Performance Measures found.

### **Activity Locations**

No Activity Locations found.

## **Other Funding Sources Budgeted - Detail**

**No Other Match Funding Sources Found** 



Other Funding Sources Amount

No Other Funding Sources Found Total Other Funding Sources



Grantee Activity Number: UT-G2Land Bank/Trust - LaVerkin Activity Title: UT-G2Land Bank/Trust - LaVerkin

Activity Category: Activity Status:

Land Banking - Acquisition (NSP Only)

Under Way

Project Number: Project Title:
UT-G2 Land Banks/Trusts

Projected Start Date: Projected End Date:

12/01/2008 07/31/2018

Benefit Type: Completed Activity Actual End Date:

National Objective: Responsible Organization:

NSP Only - LMMI Utah Center for Affordable Housing2

Overall	Jan 1 thru Mar 31, 2015	To Date
Total Projected Budget from All Sources	N/A	\$224,847.60
Total Budget	\$2,699.17	\$224,847.60
Total Obligated	\$2,699.17	\$224,847.60
Total Funds Drawdown	\$2,699.17	\$224,847.40
Program Funds Drawdown	\$0.00	\$207,014.66
Program Income Drawdown	\$2,699.17	\$17,832.74
Program Income Received	\$0.00	\$31,024.88
Total Funds Expended	\$0.00	\$222,148.23
Match Contributed	\$0.00	\$0.00

#### **Activity Description:**

Area Benefit (Census)

Property Landbanked for future development of 2 owner occupied homes for sale to low and moderate income families.

### **Location Description:**

900 North State St, Laverkin, UT

#### **Activity Progress Narrative:**

### **Accomplishments Performance Measures**

This Report Period Cumulative Actual Total / Expected

Total Total

# of Properties 0 0/7

This Report Period Cumulative Actual Total / Expected

Total Total



# of Housing Units 0 0/7
# of Singlefamily Units 0 0/7

#### **Beneficiaries Performance Measures**

No Beneficiaries Performance Measures found.

### **Activity Locations**

No Activity Locations found.

### **Other Funding Sources Budgeted - Detail**

**No Other Match Funding Sources Found** 

Other Funding Sources Amount

No Other Funding Sources Found Total Other Funding Sources

### Project # / Title: UT-G5 / UCAH Admin

Grantee Activity Number: UT-G5 UCAH Amin

Activity Title: UCAH ADmin

Activity Category: Activity Status:

Administration Under Way

Project Number: Project Title:

UT-G5 UCAH Admin

Projected Start Date: Projected End Date:

09/24/2009 09/15/2010

Benefit Type: Completed Activity Actual End Date:

N/A

Overall

National Objective: Responsible Organization:

N/A Utah Center for Affordable Housing2

Jan i tili a Mai Ji, 2013	10 Date
N/A	\$734,172.30
\$93,826.76	\$734,172.30
\$93,826.76	\$734,172.30
\$93,826.76	\$734,172.30
\$0.00	\$104,121.21
\$93,826.76	\$630,051.09
	N/A \$93,826.76 \$93,826.76 \$93,826.76 \$0.00



Jan 1 thru Mar 31 2015

To Date

\$13,761.49 **Program Income Received** \$16,397.50 **Total Funds Expended** \$0.00 \$640,345.54

**Match Contributed** \$0.00 \$0.00

**Activity Description:** 

Administration

**Location Description:** 

1 S Main Street, #1450, Salt Lake City, UT 84010

**Activity Progress Narrative:** 

### **Accomplishments Performance Measures**

No Accomplishments Performance Measures found.

#### **Beneficiaries Performance Measures**

No Beneficiaries Performance Measures found.

## **Activity Locations**

No Activity Locations found.

### **Other Funding Sources Budgeted - Detail**

No Other Match Funding Sources Found

**Other Funding Sources Amount** 

No Other Funding Sources Found **Total Other Funding Sources** 

Project # / Title: **UT-G6 / Finance Mechanisms** 

**UT-G6 - Finance Mechanism - Homebuyer Grantee Activity Number:** 

**Assistance** 

Finance Mechanism - Homebuyer Assistance **Activity Title:** 

**Activitiy Category: Activity Status:** 

Homeownership Assistance to low- and moderate-income

**Project Number: Project Title:** 



**Under Way** 

UT-G6

**Projected Start Date:** 

04/01/2011

**Benefit Type:** 

Direct Benefit (Households)

**National Objective:** 

NSP Only - LMMI

Finance Mechanisms

**Projected End Date:** 

04/01/2013

**Completed Activity Actual End Date:** 

**Responsible Organization:** 

Utah Center for Affordable Housing2

Overall	Jan 1 thru Mar 31, 2015	To Date
Total Projected Budget from All Sources	N/A	\$249,390.32
Total Budget	\$0.00	\$249,390.32
Total Obligated	\$0.00	\$249,390.32
Total Funds Drawdown	\$0.00	\$249,390.32
Program Funds Drawdown	\$0.00	\$0.00
Program Income Drawdown	\$0.00	\$249,390.32
Program Income Received	\$240,491.65	\$456,930.67
Total Funds Expended	\$0.00	\$249,390.32
Match Contributed	\$0.00	\$0.00

### **Activity Description:**

Provide homeowner financing assistance using program income retained by Utah Center for Affordable Housing.

### **Location Description:**

Multiple locations

### **Activity Progress Narrative:**

### **Accomplishments Performance Measures**

	This Report Period	Cumulative Actual Total / Expected		
	Total	Total		
# of Housing Units	0	0/1		
# of Singlefamily Units	0	0/1		



### **Beneficiaries Performance Measures**

		This Report Period		Cumula	Cumulative Actual Total / Expected		
	Low	Mod	Total	Low	Mod	Total I	_ow/Mod%
# of Households	0	0	0	0/0	0/0	0/1	0

## **Activity Locations**

No Activity Locations found.

## **Other Funding Sources Budgeted - Detail**

**No Other Match Funding Sources Found** 

Other Funding Sources Amount

No Other Funding Sources Found Total Other Funding Sources

