



State of Utah

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UTAH'S EMPLOYMENT SUMMARY: NOVEMBER 2014

SALT LAKE CITY— Utah's nonfarm payroll employment for November 2014 grew by an estimated 3.3 percent, adding 43,400 jobs to the economy as compared to November 2013. Utah's current employment level registers 1,360,800.

November's seasonally adjusted unemployment rate remained unchanged, registering 3.6 percent for the month. Approximately 51,400 Utahns were unemployed in the month and actively seeking work. The national unemployment rate also exhibited no change at 5.8 percent for the month.

"Thus far the winter season is running strong for Utah's economy," reported Carrie Mayne, Chief Economist at the Department of Workforce Services. "Seasonal industries are performing well; Retail Trade added 4,200 positions and Arts, Entertainment and Recreation added another 2,100 positions. The delayed snowfall has allowed construction employment to continue growing as well."

All of the ten private sector industry groups measured in the establishment survey posted net job increases in November as compared to last year. The largest private sector employment increases were in Trade, Transportation and Utilities (10,100 jobs), Construction (7,400 jobs), and Education and Health Services (5,300 jobs). The fastest employment growth occurred in Construction (9.6 percent), Information (7.3 percent), and Natural Resources (6.6 percent).

* Additional analysis and tables <http://jobs.utah.gov/wi/pubs/une/index.html>

* December employment information will be released at 9:00 a.m. on Friday, January 23, 2015.

* County unemployment rates for November will be posted on or shortly after December 22nd at <http://jobs.utah.gov/opencms/wi/pubs/une/season.pdf>

Statistics generated by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Washington, D.C., modeled from monthly employer (employment) and household (unemployment) surveys.

Labor Market Indicators
November 2014

Utah

Employment Year-Over % Change: 3.3%
Employment # Change: 43,400
Unemployment Rate: 3.6%

United States

Employment Year-Over % Change: 2.0%
Unemployment Rate: 5.8%

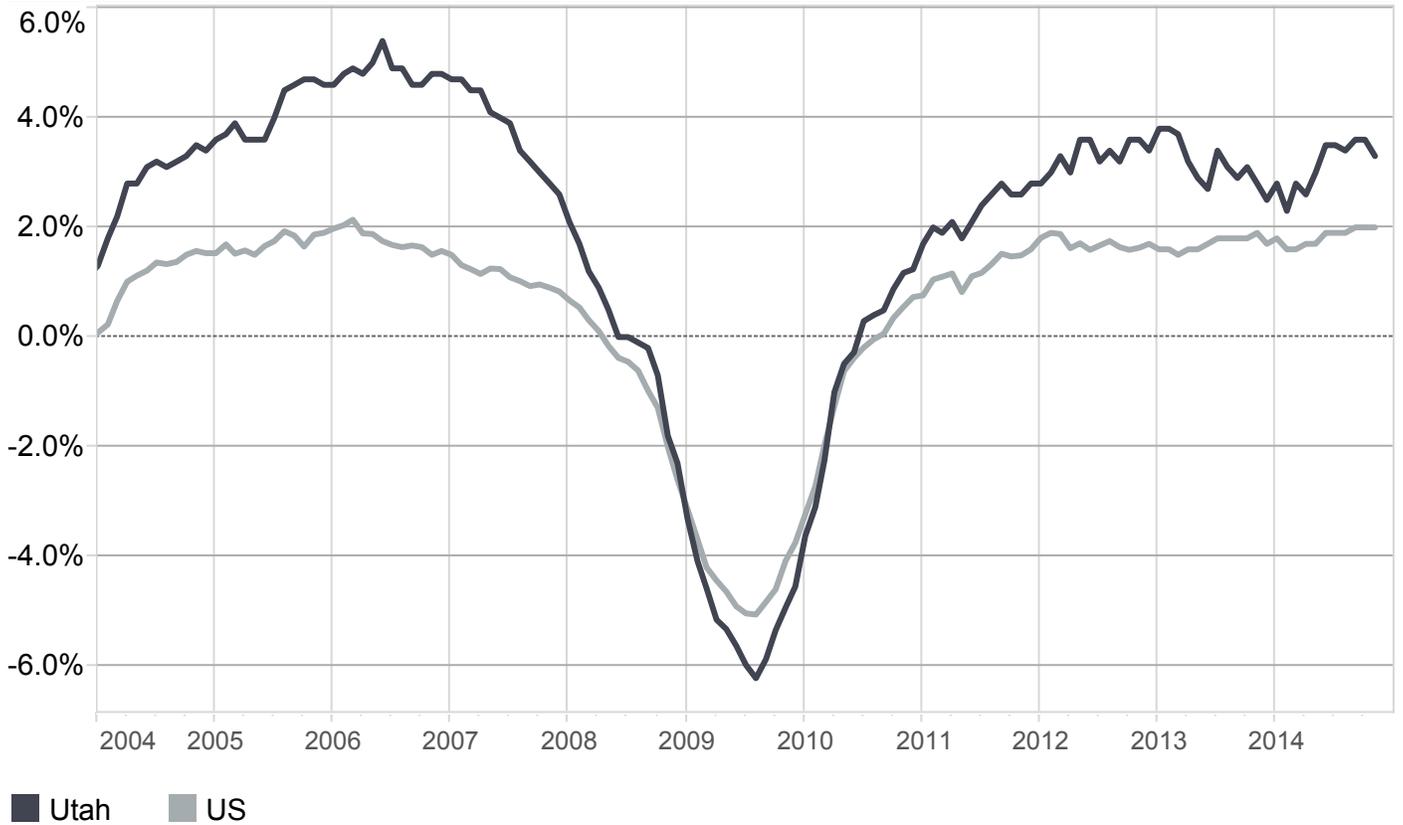
Utah Nonagricultural Jobs by Industry and Components of the Labor Force

Numbers are in thousands	Nov (p) 2014	Nov (r) 2013	Percentage Change	Oct (r) 2014	Oct (r) 2013	Percentage Change
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE (seasonally-adjusted)	1,436.8	1,432.7	0.3	1,436.3	1,431.0	0.4
Employed	1,385.4	1,374.9	0.8	1,384.7	1,370.0	1.1
Unemployed	51.4	57.8	-11.1	51.6	60.9	-15.3
Unemployment Rate	3.6	4.0		3.6	4.3	
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (Thousands)	1,360.8	1,317.4	3.3	1,359.2	1,312.1	3.6
Not seasonally-adjusted						
PRIVATE SECTOR	1,123.5	1,086.6	3.4	1,121.5	1,081.4	3.7
GOODS PRODUCING	220.0	210.8	4.4	221.7	210.5	5.3
Natural Resources and Mining	13.0	12.2	6.6	12.9	12.3	4.9
Construction	84.7	77.3	9.6	87.1	77.5	12.4
Construction of Buildings	16.9	15.3	10.5	17.5	15.4	13.6
Heavy and Civil Engineering	9.8	9.1	7.7	10.4	9.5	9.5
Specialty Trade Contractors	58.0	52.9	9.6	59.2	52.6	12.5
Manufacturing	122.3	121.3	0.8	121.7	120.7	0.8
Durable Goods	80.6	79.0	2.0	80.0	78.6	1.8
Primary and Fabricated Metals	17.4	17.1	1.8	17.4	17.1	1.8
Computer and Electronic Products	13.2	13.8	-4.3	13.2	13.8	-4.3
Transportation and Equipment Manufacturing	11.9	11.4	4.4	11.8	11.4	3.5
Non-Durable Goods	41.7	42.3	-1.4	41.7	42.1	-1.0
SERVICES PROVIDING	1,140.8	1,106.6	3.1	1,137.5	1,101.6	3.3
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	263.5	253.4	4.0	260.6	249.1	4.6
Wholesale Trade	51.6	49.5	4.2	52.2	48.8	7.0
Retail Trade	156.5	152.3	2.8	153.2	149.4	2.5
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers	18.9	18.5	2.2	19.0	18.6	2.2
Food and Beverage Stores	23.1	22.6	2.2	22.6	22.5	0.4
General Merchandise Stores	32.3	31.9	1.3	30.1	29.9	0.7
Transportation and Utilities	55.4	51.6	7.4	55.2	50.9	8.4
Utilities	4.1	3.8	7.9	4.0	3.9	2.6
Transportation & Warehousing	51.3	47.8	7.3	51.2	47.0	8.9
Air Transportation	6.2	6.0	3.3	6.1	6.0	1.7
Truck Transportation	23.4	20.4	14.7	23.5	20.1	16.9
Information	35.5	33.1	7.3	34.7	33.2	4.5
Publishing Industries	10.5	10.2	2.9	10.4	10.2	2.0
Motion Picture and Sound Recording	4.6	4.4	4.5	4.2	4.0	5.0
Telecommunications	6.2	6.1	1.6	6.1	6.0	1.7
Internet Service Providers	7.0	6.6	6.1	6.9	6.3	9.5
Financial Activities	75.8	74.2	2.2	75.6	73.8	2.4
Finance and Insurance	58.0	56.8	2.1	57.6	56.4	2.1
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	17.8	17.4	2.3	18.0	17.4	3.4
Professional and Business Services	182.8	179.5	1.8	183.4	180.5	1.6
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	83.5	79.1	5.6	83.3	78.9	5.6
Architectural, Engineering, and Related	13.8	13.3	3.8	13.8	13.6	1.5
Computer Systems Design and Related	20.2	19.9	1.5	19.9	19.9	0.0
Management of Companies and Enterprises	19.9	19.7	1.0	19.8	19.4	2.1
Administration & Support & Waste Management & Remediation	79.4	80.7	-1.6	80.3	82.2	-2.3
Employment Services	25.2	24.4	3.3	25.9	24.6	5.3
Business Support Services	21.5	21.2	1.4	21.1	20.9	1.0
Education and Health Services	182.2	176.9	3.0	180.7	174.4	3.6
Educational Services	43.7	42.5	2.8	43.8	41.2	6.3
Health Services and Social Assistance	138.5	134.4	3.1	136.9	133.2	2.8
Ambulatory Health Care Services	57.7	55.5	4.0	57.1	55.2	3.4
Hospitals	35.4	34.8	1.7	34.8	34.3	1.5
Nursing and Residential Care Facilities	24.5	24.0	2.1	24.3	23.8	2.1
Social Assistance	20.9	20.1	4.0	20.7	19.9	4.0
Leisure and Hospitality	126.4	122.4	3.3	127.5	123.2	3.5
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	20.2	18.1	11.6	21.0	18.8	11.7
Accommodation and Food Services	106.2	104.3	1.8	106.5	104.4	2.0
Accommodation	18.5	18.5	0.0	18.2	18.1	0.6
Food Services and Drinking Places	87.7	85.8	2.2	88.3	86.3	2.3
Other Services	37.3	36.3	2.8	37.3	36.7	1.6
Government	237.3	230.8	2.8	237.7	230.7	3.0
Federal Government	33.4	33.8	-1.2	33.8	33.5	0.9
Federal Defense	16.1	16.0	0.6	16.1	16.0	0.6
Other Federal Government	17.3	17.8	-2.8	17.7	17.5	1.1
State Government	77.9	74.7	4.3	77.5	74.3	4.3
State Schools	47.1	45.4	3.7	46.6	46.5	0.2
Other State Government	30.8	29.3	5.1	30.9	27.8	11.2
Local Government	126.0	122.3	3.0	126.4	122.9	2.8
Local Education	69.4	69.1	0.4	69.1	68.7	0.6
Other Local Government	56.6	53.2	6.4	57.3	54.2	5.7

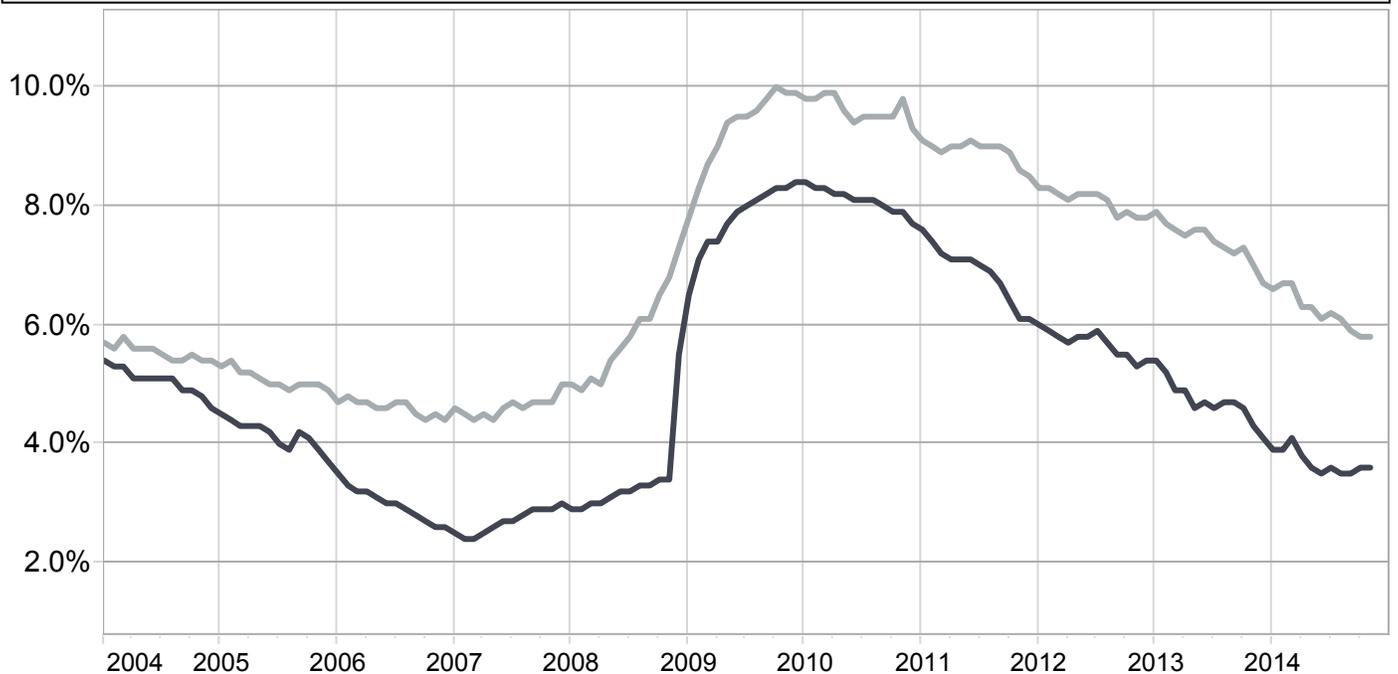
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics: Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS); Current Employment Statistics (CES). Dec 19, 2014.

p = preliminary r = revised

Year-Over Percent Change In Nonfarm Jobs

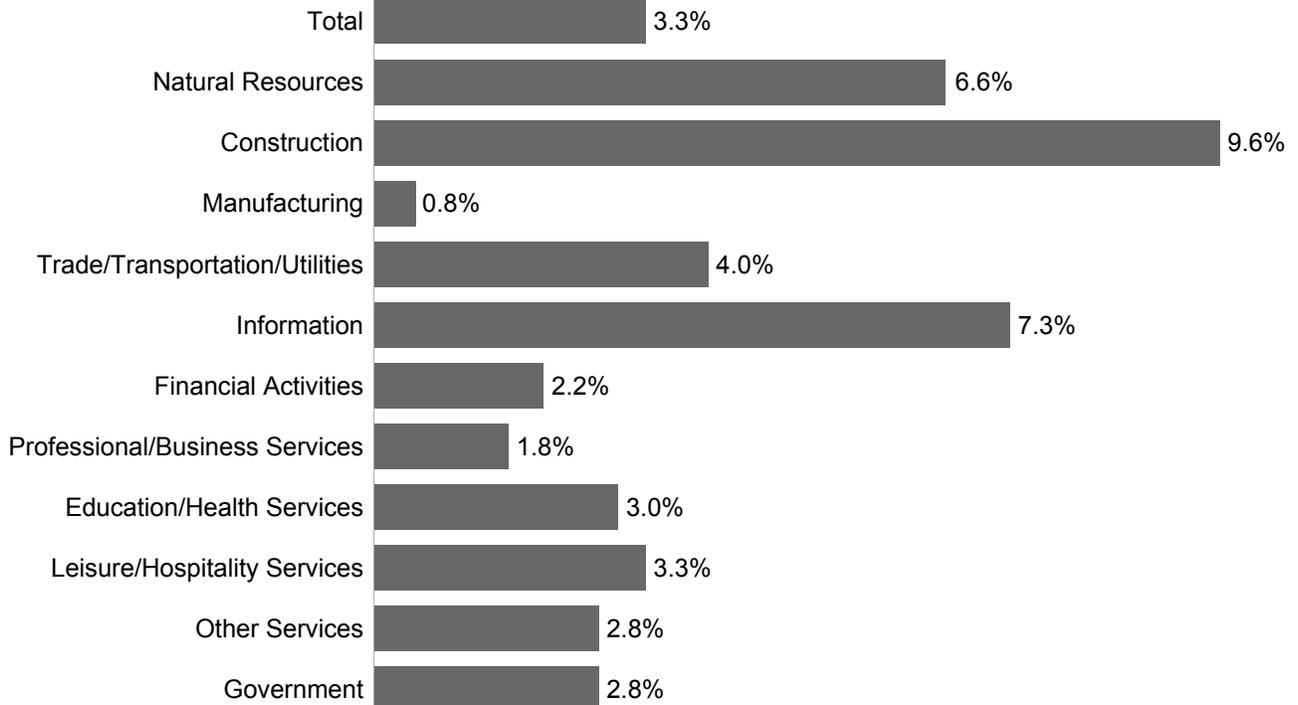


Seasonally Adjusted Unemployment Rates

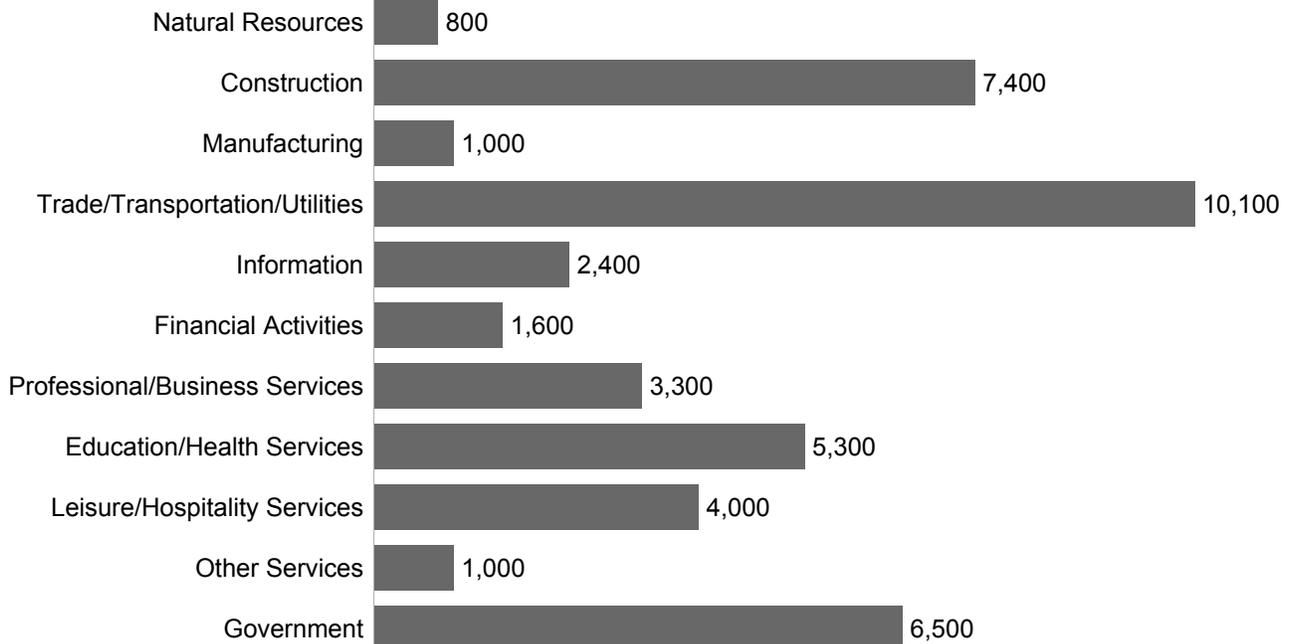


Utah Nonfarm Industry Profiles November 2013 - 2014

Percentage Change



Numeric Change



NONFARM EMPLOYMENT IN UTAH'S COUNTIES

	November 2014 <i>Estimate</i>	November 2013 <i>Actual</i>	Percent Change	October 2014 <i>Estimate</i>	September 2014 <i>Estimate</i>
BEAVER	2,203	2,334	-5.6	2,207	2,294
BOX ELDER	18,252	17,493	4.3	18,209	17,961
CACHE	55,580	54,042	2.8	55,044	54,270
CARBON	8,884	8,930	-0.5	8,860	8,727
DAGGETT	352	362	-2.7	387	438
DAVIS	115,952	113,453	2.2	115,825	115,275
DUCHESNE	9,877	9,473	4.3	9,791	9,844
EMERY	3,408	3,352	1.7	3,490	3,492
GARFIELD	1,919	1,957	-1.9	2,324	2,678
GRAND	4,786	4,596	4.1	5,325	5,502
IRON	16,334	16,050	1.8	16,190	16,058
JUAB	3,375	3,356	0.6	3,383	3,378
KANE	3,020	2,948	2.4	3,235	3,471
MILLARD	3,947	3,947	0.0	3,973	3,985
MORGAN	1,914	1,889	1.3	1,964	1,975
PIUTE	235	230	2.0	244	250
RICH	594	614	-3.2	628	779
SALT LAKE	653,498	640,843	2.0	647,013	642,724
SAN JUAN	4,112	4,143	-0.8	4,232	4,324
SANPETE	7,437	7,195	3.4	7,462	7,482
SEVIER	8,183	8,017	2.1	8,228	8,278
SUMMIT	23,700	22,467	5.5	22,582	22,907
TOOELE	14,846	15,225	-2.5	14,997	14,972
UINTAH	14,929	14,651	1.9	14,851	15,001
UTAH	214,355	206,430	3.8	214,100	212,423
WASATCH	7,347	6,933	6.0	7,446	7,367
WASHINGTON	55,138	53,135	3.8	55,002	54,565
WAYNE	894	936	-4.5	955	1,006
WEBER	98,362	96,143	2.3	97,197	97,104

Note: Numbers have been left unrounded for convenience rather than to denote accuracy.

Note: Employment numbers are not seasonally adjusted. Therefore, comparisons of employment levels from one month to the next should not be used as job creation/loss estimates between those months. Seasonal factors could be the reason. For example, employment levels in September are employment levels in September are usually higher than in August, as school employment resumes.

Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services, Workforce Research and Analysis, 12/19/2014